1 2 3 4 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 5 WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT SEATTLE 6 7 GASKINS E. THOMAS, JR., 8 CASE NO. C17-617-BAT Plaintiff, 9 ORDER REGARDING v. PLAINTIFF'S REQUEST FOR ORAL ARGUMENT 10 STATE OF WASHINGTON. 11 Defendant. 12 Defendant State of Washington's motion for summary judgment pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. 13 P. 56 and motion to dismiss pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(b)(6) is noted for December 29, 2017. 14 Dkt. 21. Plaintiff's written response to the motion is due on December 26, 2017¹ and 15 Defendant's written reply is due by December 29, 2017. Thereafter, the Court will decide the 16 motion on the written submissions of the parties as soon as practicable, and normally within 17 thirty days following the noting date. The Court sees no need for oral argument. See CR 7(b)(4) 18 (Unless otherwise ordered by the court, all motions will be decided by the court without oral 19 argument. Counsel (and parties) shall **not** appear on the date the motion is noted unless directed 20 by the court). Therefore, Plaintiff's request to appear in Court to orally respond to the motion is 21 denied. 22 23

¹ Plaintiff's response is normally be due on the Monday prior to the noting date, which is December 25, 2017. However, as December 25th is a Court holiday, plaintiff's response is due the following day, on December 26, 2017.

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Plaintiff is advised that if Defendant's motion is granted, this case will be dismissed with prejudice. Plaintiff should refer to Rule 56, which describes what he must do in order to oppose a motion for summary judgment. Generally, summary judgment must be granted when there is no genuine issue of material fact – that is, if there is no real dispute about any fact that would affect the result of your case, the party who asked for summary judgment is entitled to judgment as a matter of law, which will end your case. When a party you are suing makes a motion for summary judgment that is properly supported by declarations (or other sworn testimony), you cannot simply rely on what your complaint says. Instead, you must set out specific facts in declarations, depositions, answers to interrogatories, or authenticated documents, as provided in Rule 56(e), that contradict the facts shown in the defendant's declarations and documents and show that there is a genuine issue of material fact for trial. If you do not submit your own evidence in opposition, summary judgment, if appropriate, may be entered against you. If summary judgment is granted, your case will be dismissed and there will be no trial.

Accordingly, it is **ORDERED**:

- (1) Plaintiff's request for oral argument (Dkt. 23) is **DENIED.** Plaintiff shall file his written response to Defendant's motion (Dkt. 21) by December 26, 2017.
 - (2) The Clerk shall send a copy of this Order to the parties.

DATED this 8th day of December, 2017.

BRIAN A. TSUCHIDA

United States Magistrate Judge